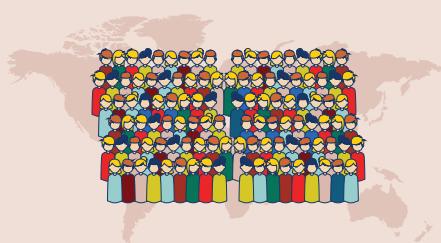


DA LI STE ZNALI?

SISTEMSKA SKLEROZA (SKLERODERMA)

Sistemska skleroza, poznata i kao skleroderma, je retka, hronična autoimunska bolest, koja zahvata vezivna tkiva u organizmu.^{1,2,3}

Može izazvati ožiljke (fibrozu) kože, ali i organa poput srca, pluća, digestivnog trakta i bubrega, i time dovesti do životno ugrožavajućih komplikacija.^{1,4}



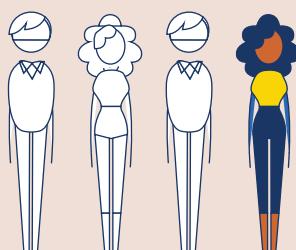
Na svetu je 2,5 miliona osoba obolelih od sistemske skleroze.⁵



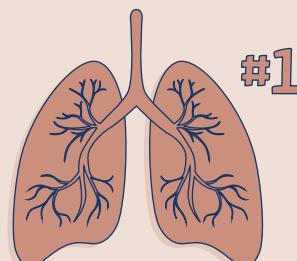
Uzrok nastanka sistemske skleroze je nepoznat.⁶



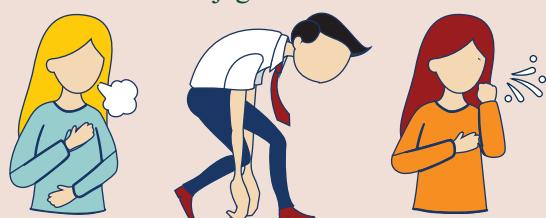
Sistemska skleroza je 4 puta učestalija kod žena nego kod muškaraca.⁶



Najčešće se javlja kod osoba starosti od 25-55 godina.⁶



1 od 4 osobe sa sistemskom sklerozom razvije značajnu bolest pluća u prve tri godine od postavljanja dijagnoze.⁷



Plućna fibroza je vodeći uzrok smrti u sistemskoj sklerozi.⁸

Najčešći simptomi bolesti pluća kod obolelih od sistemske skleroze su otežano disanje, umor i suv kašalj.⁹

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